## Intro to dplyr

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June 10, 2015

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## Baseball Data

- The plyr package contains the data set baseball
- seasonal batting statistics of all major league players (through 2007)

```
data(baseball, package = "plyr")
help(baseball, package = "plyr")
head(baseball)
```

##		id	year	stint	team	lg	g	ab	r	h	X2b	ХЗb	hı
##	4	ansonca01	1871	1	RC1		25	120	29	39	11	3	(
##	44	forceda01	1871	1	WS3		32	162	45	45	9	4	(
##	68	mathebo01	1871	1	FW1		19	89	15	24	3	1	(
##	99	startjo01	1871	1	NY2		33	161	35	58	5	1	
##	102	suttoez01	1871	1	CL1		29	128	35	45	3	7	3
##	106	whitede01	1871	1	CL1		29	146	40	47	6	5	-
##		ibb hbp s	h sf g	gidp									
##	4	NA NA NA	A NA	NA									
##	44	NA NA N.	A NA	NA			< □	► < 🗗 )	<ul> <li>&lt; Ξ</li> </ul>	▶ ∢	≣) i	e ∽ ª	0

### Baseball Data

- We would like to create career summary statistics for each player
- Plan: subset on a player, and compute statistics

```
ss <- subset(baseball, id=="sosasa01")
head(ss)</pre>
```

##			id	l yea	ar	stir	nt	team	lg	g	ab	r	h	X2b	X31
##	66822	sosa	asa01	198	39		1	TEX	AL	25	84	8	20	3	(
##	66823	sosa	asa01	198	39		2	CHA	AL	33	99	19	27	5	(
##	67907	sosa	asa01	199	90		1	CHA	AL	153	532	72	124	26	10
##	69018	sosa	asa01	199	91		1	CHA	AL	116	316	39	64	10	-
##	70599	sosa	asa01	199	92		1	CHN	$\mathtt{NL}$	67	262	41	68	7	1
##	71757	sosa	asa01	199	93		1	CHN	$\mathtt{NL}$	159	598	92	156	25	Ę
##		so	ibb	hbp	sh	sf	gi	dp							
##	66822	20	0	0	4	0		3							
##	66823	27	2	2	1	2		3							
##	67907	150	4	6	2	6		10			₫ ▶ ∢	≣≯→	(≣)	E O	20

#### for loops

Idea: repeat the same (set of) statement(s) for each element of an index set

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- Setup:
  - Introduce counter variable (sometimes named i)
  - Reserve space for results
- Generic Code:

```
result <- rep(NA, length(indexset))
for(i in indexset){
    ... some statments ...
    result[i] <- ...
}</pre>
```

- Index set: player id
- Setup:

```
# Index set
players <- unique(baseball$id)</pre>
n <- length(players)</pre>
# Place to store data
ba <- rep(NA, n)
# Loop
for(i in 1:n){
  career <- subset(baseball, id==players[i])</pre>
  ba[i] <- with(career, mean(h/ab, na.rm=T))</pre>
}
```

```
# Results
summary(ba)
```

- Index set: player id
- ▶ i = 0:

# Index set
players <- unique(baseball\$id)
n <- length(players)
# Place to store data
ba <- rep(NA, n)
# Results
head(ba)</pre>

## [1] NA NA NA NA NA NA

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#### Batman!

- Index set: player id
- ▶ i = 1:

```
# Index set
players <- unique(baseball$id)</pre>
```

```
# Place to store data
ba <- rep(NA, length(players))</pre>
```

```
for(i in 1:1){ #loop
  career <- subset(baseball, id==players[i])
  ba[i] <- with(career, mean(h/ab, na.rm=T))
}</pre>
```

head(ba)

## [1] 0.3371163 NA NA

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Index set: player id

```
▶ i = 2:
```

```
# Index set
players <- unique(baseball$id)</pre>
```

```
# Place to store data
ba <- rep(NA, length(players))</pre>
```

```
for(i in 1:2){ #loop
  career <- subset(baseball, id==players[i])
  ba[i] <- with(career, mean(h/ab, na.rm=T))
}</pre>
```

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head(ba)

## [1] 0.3371163 0.2489226

# YOUR TURN

- MLB rules for the greatest all-time hitters are that players have to have played at least 1000 games with at least as many at-bats in order to be considered
- Extend the for loop above to collect the additional information
- Introduce and collect data for two new variables: games and atbats

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# How did it go? What was difficult?

 household chores (declaring variables, setting values each time) distract from real work

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- indices are error-prone
- loops often result in slow code because R can compute quantities using entire vectors in an optimized way

#### Summarise

► A special function: summarise or summarize

```
library(dplyr)
baseball <- read.csv("../data/baseball.csv")
summarise(baseball, ab=mean(h/ab, na.rm=T))</pre>
```

## ab ## 1 0.2339838

```
summarise(baseball,
            ba = mean(h/ab, na.rm=T),
            games = sum(g, na.rm=T),
            hr = sum(hr, na.rm=T),
            ab = sum(ab, na.rm=T))
```

## ba games hr ab ## 1 0.2339838 1580070 113577 4891061

```
a_{1}
```

#### dplyr + Summarize

A powerful combination to create summary statistics

head(careers)

## Source: local data frame [6 x 5]
##

##		id	ba	games	homeruns	atbats			
##	1	aaronha01	0.3010752	3298	755	12364			
##	2	abernte02	0.1824394	681	0	181			
##	3	adairje01	0.2363071	1165	57	4019			
##	4	adamsba01	0.2096513	482	3	1019			
##	5	adamsbo03	0.2378073	1281	37	4019	< 注→	E	596

# Your Turn

- Find some summary statistics for each of the teams (variable team)
  - How many different (unique) players has the team had?
  - What was the team's first/last season?
- Challenge: Find the number of players on each team over time. Does the number change?

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